

backproject

keys:	[from]	<number>	source picture
	[to]	<number>	output picture
	with	<number>	1-D picture to be back-projected
	angle	<number>	back-projection direction in radians, anti-clockwise from the positive x axis
options:	[add]/multiply		add the back-projected data to the source or multiply the data onto the source

The **backproject** command alters a source picture by sweeping a 1-D picture across it. It adds or multiplies pixels from the 1-D picture to the source picture. **backproject** performs the opposite of a projection operation (see **project**).

Examples

```
backproject 1 with 10 angle pi/4
```

This command sweeps the 1-D picture 10 across picture 1 from bottom left to top right, adding pixels to picture 1 as it does so.

```
backproject multiply 1 with 10
```

This command backprojects the 1-D picture 10 'on its end' horizontally across picture 1, multiplying pixels rather than adding.

Description

The key **with** is used with the command **backproject** to specify the 1-D picture to be backprojected. Choose one of the following operating options:

- **backproject add**
- **backproject multiply**

backproject add is the default (so there is no need to type **add** in the command). This adds the projection picture to the source. **backproject multiply** multiplies the projection onto the source.

Use the **angle** key to specify the projection in radians. The angle is measured anti-clockwise from the positive *x* axis. The projection is positioned so that the source picture origin projects into its own coordinate origin. Source pixels projecting outside the 1-D picture are treated as though they are projected onto the nearer end of the picture.

backproject**Notes**

display marking:	projection direction and width of output
multi-layer pictures:	faulted
forms used internally:	complex
see also:	project

Defaults and Ranges

keys/options	defaults	range
[from]	current picture number, held in the variable <i>select</i>	valid picture number
[to]	source picture	valid picture number
with	<i>none</i>	valid picture number
angle	angle 0	real number in range 0 to 2π
[add]/multiply	add the pixels to the source	